



ADMINISTERING MEDICATION POLICY

Public Sector Equality Duty

We have carefully considered and analysed the impact of this policy on equality and the possible implications for those with protected characteristics, as part of our commitment to meet the Public Sector Equality Duty (PSED) requirement to have due regard to the need to eliminate discrimination, advance equality of opportunity and foster good relations

Approved by Headteacher
Due for review March 2029

Contents

1. ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES	2
2. TRAINING	3
3. RECEIVING, STORING AND DISPOSING OF MEDICATION.....	4
4. ADMINISTERING MEDICATION	4
5. MEDICAL DEVICES.....	6
6. IHPs.....	6
7. EDUCATIONAL TRIPS AND VISITS.....	6
8. MEDICAL EMERGENCIES.....	7
9. LIABILITY AND INDEMNITY	7
10. COMPLAINTS	7
11. MONITORING ARRANGEMENTS.....	7
12. LINKS TO OTHER POLICIES	7
APPENDIX 1.....	7
APPENDIX 2.....	9
APPENDIX 3.....	10

Statement of intent

St Peter’s School will ensure that pupils with medical conditions receive appropriate care and support at school, in order for them to have full access to education and remain healthy. This includes the safe storage and administration of pupils’ medication.

The school is committed to ensuring that parents feel confident that we will provide effective support for their child’s medical condition, and make the pupil feel safe whilst at school.

For the purposes of this policy, “**medication**” is defined as any prescribed or over the counter medicine, including devices such as asthma inhalers and adrenaline auto-injectors (AAIs). “**Prescription medication**” is defined as any drug or device prescribed by a doctor. “**Controlled drug**” is defined as a drug around which there are strict legal controls due to the risk of dependence or addiction, e.g. morphine.

1. ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

The governing board is responsible for:

- The implementation of this policy and procedures, and all corresponding procedures.
- Ensuring that this policy, as written, does not discriminate on any grounds, including the protected characteristics as defined by the Equality Act 2010.
- Ensuring that there is a sufficient number of trained staff available within the school to administer medication based upon the school’s risk assessments.
- Ensuring the correct level of insurance is in place for the administration of medication.
- Ensuring that members of staff who administer medication to pupils, or help pupils self-administer, are suitably trained and have access to information needed.
- Ensuring that relevant health and social care professionals are consulted in order to guarantee that pupils taking medication are properly supported.
- Managing any complaints or concerns regarding this policy, the support provided to pupils, or the administration of medication in line with the school’s Complaints Procedures Policy.

The Headteacher is responsible for:

- The day-to-day implementation and management of this policy and relevant procedures.
- Ensuring that appropriate training is undertaken by staff members administering medication.
- Ensuring that staff members understand the local emergency services’ cover arrangements and that the correct information is provided for the navigation system.

- Organising another appropriately trained individual to take over the role of administering medication in case of staff absence.
- Ensuring that all necessary risk assessments are carried out regarding the administration of medication, including for school trips and external activities.

All staff are responsible for:

- Adhering to this policy and supporting pupils to do so.
- Carrying out their duties that arise from this policy fairly and consistently.

Parents are responsible for:

- Keeping the school informed about any changes to their child's health.
- Completing an [administering medication parental consent form](#) prior to them or their child bringing any medication into school.
- Discussing medication with their child prior to requesting that a staff member administers the medication.

It is both staff members' and pupils' responsibility to understand what action to take during a medical emergency, such as raising the alarm with the first aider or other members of staff. This may include staff administering medication to the pupil involved.

2. TRAINING

The First Aid Manager will ensure that a sufficient number of staff are suitably trained in administering medication. All staff will undergo basic training on the administering of medication to ensure that, if exceptional circumstances arise where there is no designated administrator of medication available, pupils can still receive their medication from a trained member of staff. The First Aid Manager will also ensure that a sufficient number of staff have been trained in administering medication in an emergency by a healthcare professional.

Where it is a necessary or vital component of their job role, staff will undertake training on administering medication in line with this policy as part of their new starter induction.

Staff will be advised not to agree to taking on the responsibility of administering medication until they have received appropriate training and can make an informed choice. The school will ensure that, as part of their training, staff members are informed that they cannot be required to administer medication to pupils, and that this is entirely voluntary, unless the supporting of pupils with medical conditions is central to their role within the school, e.g. the school first aider.

Training will also cover the appropriate procedures and courses of action with regard to the following exceptional situations:

- The timing of the medication's administration is crucial to the health of the child
- Some technical or medical knowledge is required to administer the medication
- Intimate contact with the pupil is necessary

Staff members will be made aware that if they administer medication to a pupil, they take on a legal responsibility to do so correctly; therefore, staff will be encouraged not to administer medication in the above situations if they do not feel comfortable and confident in doing so, even if they have received training.

Training for administering AAls

The school will arrange specialist training for staff on an annual basis where a pupil in the school has been diagnosed as being at risk of anaphylaxis. Designated staff members with suitable training and confidence in their ability to use AAls will be appointed to administer this medication. As part of their training, all staff members will be made aware of:

- How to recognise the signs and symptoms of severe allergic reactions and anaphylaxis.
- Where to find AAls in the case of an emergency.
- How the dosage correlates with the age of the pupil.
- How to respond appropriately to a request for help from another member of staff.
- How to recognise when emergency action is necessary.
- Who the designated staff members for administering AAls are.
- How to administer an AAI safely and effectively in the event that there is a delay in response from the designated staff members.
- How to make appropriate records of allergic reactions.

There will be a sufficient number of staff who are trained in and consent to administering AAls on site at all times.

3. RECEIVING, STORING AND DISPOSING OF MEDICATION

Receiving prescribed medication from parents

The parents of pupils who need medication administered at school will be sent an administering medication parental consent form to complete and sign; the signed consent form will be returned to the school and appropriately filed before staff can administer medication to pupils under the age of 16. A signed copy of the parental consent form will be kept with the pupil's medication, and no medication will be administered if this consent form is not present. Consent obtained from parents will be renewed **annually**.

The school will store a reasonable quantity of medication, e.g. a maximum of **four weeks'** supply at any one time. Aspirin will not be administered unless the school has evidence that it has been prescribed by a doctor.

Parents will be advised to keep medication provided to the school in the original packaging, complete with instructions, as far as possible, particularly for liquid medications where transfer from the original bottle would result in the loss of some of the medication on the inside of the bottle. This does not apply to insulin, which can be stored in an insulin pen.

Storing pupils' medication

The school will ensure that all medications are kept appropriately, according to the product instructions, and are securely stored. Medication that may be required in emergency circumstances, e.g. asthma inhalers and AAls, will be stored in a way that allows it to be readily accessible to pupils who may need it and can self-administer, and staff members who will need to administer them in emergency situations. All other medication will be stored in a place inaccessible to pupils, e.g. a locked cupboard.

The school will ensure that pupils know where their medication is at all times and are able to access them immediately, e.g. by ensuring that the identities of any key holders to the storage facilities are known by these pupils.

Medication stored in the school will be:

- Kept in the original container alongside the instructions for use.
- Clearly labelled with:
 - The pupil's name.
 - the name of the medication.
 - The correct dosage.
 - The frequency of administration.
 - Any likely side effects.
 - The expiry date.
- Stored alongside the accompanying administering medication parental consent form.

Medication that does not meet the above criteria will not be administered.

Disposing of pupils' medication

The school will not store surplus or out-of-date medication. Where medication and/or its containers need to be returned to the pupils' doctor or pharmacist, parents will be asked to collect these for this purpose.

Needles and other sharps will be disposed of safely and securely, e.g. using a sharps disposal box.

4. ADMINISTERING MEDICATION

Medication will only be administered at school if it would be detrimental to the pupil not to do so. Only suitably qualified members of staff will administer controlled drugs. Staff will check the expiry date and maximum dosage of the medication being administered to the pupil each time it is administered, as well as when the previous dose was taken.

To be read in conjunction with *Appendix 1- 3*

It is recognised that Staff do not have any obligation under their contract to administer medication to students. Most medication prescribed today is three times a day. Parents can therefore administer medication before school, after school and before bed. Medication should not normally be required during the school day. There is a requirement however under the DfE guidance to assist students with medical needs.

Medicines should only be taken to school when essential; that is where it would be detrimental to a child's health if the medicine were not administered and have been prescribed by a doctor or dentist.

Pupils are NOT permitted to carry prescription or non-prescription medication in school. The only exceptions to this are Emergency Medications such as Inhalers, Auto Injectors, diabetic equipment or medication detailed in the pupils IHP.

Medication will be administered in a private, comfortable environment and, as far as possible, in the same room as the medication is stored; this will normally be the school nurse's office. The room will be equipped with the following provisions:

- Arrangements for increased privacy where intimate contact is necessary
- Facilities to enable staff members to wash their hands before and after administering medication, and to clean any equipment before and after use if necessary
- Available PPE for use where necessary

Before administering medication, the responsible member of staff should check:

- The pupil's identity.
- That the school possesses written consent from a parent.
- That the medication name, dosage and instructions for use match the details on the consent form.
- That the name on the medication label is the name of the pupil being given the medication.
- That the medication to be given is within its expiry date.
- That the pupil has not already been given the medication within the accepted frequency of dosage.

If there are any concerns surrounding giving medication to a pupil, the medication will not be administered and the school will consult with the pupil's parent or a healthcare professional, documenting any action taken.

If a pupil cannot receive medication in the method supplied, e.g. a capsule cannot be swallowed, written instructions on how to administer the medication must be provided by the pupil's parent, following advice from a healthcare professional.

Where appropriate, pupils will be encouraged to self-administer under the supervision of a staff member, provided that parental consent for this has been obtained. If a pupil refuses to take their medication, staff will not force them to do so, but will follow the procedure agreed upon in their IHPs, and parents will be informed so that alternative options can be considered.

The school will not be held responsible for any side effects that occur when medication is taken correctly.

Electronic and written records will be kept of all medication administered to pupils, including the date and time that medication was administered and the name of the staff member responsible. Records will be stored in accordance with the Records Management Policy.

Non-prescription medicines

The school is aware that pupils may, at some point, suffer from minor illnesses and ailments of a short-term nature, and that, in these circumstances, health professionals are likely to advise parents to purchase over the counter medicines, for example, paracetamol and antihistamines.

The school will work on the premise that parents have the prime responsibility for their child's health and should provide schools and settings with detailed information about their child's medical condition as and when any illness or ailment arises.

To support full attendance the school will consider making arrangements to facilitate the administration of non-prescription medicines following parental request and consent.

Pupils and parents will not be expected to obtain a prescription for over-the-counter medicines as this could impact on their attendance and adversely affect the availability of appointments with local health services due to the imposition of non-urgent appointments being made.

If a pupil is deemed too unwell to be in school, they will be advised to stay at home or parents will be contacted and asked to take them home.

When making arrangements for the administration of non-prescription medicines the school will exercise the same level of care and caution, following the same processes, protocols and procedures as those in place for the administration of prescription medicines.

The school will also ensure that the following requirements are met when agreeing to administer non-prescription medicines.

- Non-prescription medicines will not be administered for longer than is recommended. For example, most pain relief medicines, such as ibuprofen and paracetamol, will be recommended for three days use before medical advice should be sought. Aspirin will not be administered unless prescribed.
- Parents will be asked to bring the medicine in, on at least the first occasion, to enable the appropriate paperwork to be signed by the parent and for a check to be made of the medication details.
- Non-prescription medicines must be supplied in their original container, have instructions for administration, dosage and storage, and be in date. The name of the child can be written on the container by an adult if this helps with identification.

- Only authorised staff who are sufficiently trained will be able to administer non-prescription medicines.

5. MEDICAL DEVICES

Asthma inhalers

The school will allow pupils who are capable of carrying their own inhalers to do so, provided that parental consent for this has been obtained. The school will ensure that spare inhalers for pupils are kept safe and secure in preparation for the event that the original is misplaced, unavailable or not working.

AAIs

The school will allow pupils who are capable of carrying their own AAIs to do so, provided that parental consent for this has been obtained. The school will ensure that spare AAIs for pupils are kept safe and secure in preparation for the event that the original is misplaced, unavailable or not working.

Spare AAIs and emergency AAIs can be found at the following locations:

- Reception Office at Primary and in Red bags to be with pupil with allergies on school site.
 - Emergency Anaphylaxis Kit by Defibrillator on entrance to School Hall at Primary Site.
 - First aid office
 - Emergency Anaphylaxis Kit within the Student Hub
- The school will ensure that risk assessments regarding the use and storage of AAIs on the premises are conducted and up-to-date.

Medical authorisation and parental consent will be obtained from all pupils believed to be at risk of anaphylaxis for the use of spare AAIs in emergency situations. The spare AAIs will not be used on pupils who are not at risk of anaphylaxis or where there is no parental consent. Where consent and authorisation has been obtained, this will be recorded in the pupil's IHP.

6. IHPs

For pupils with chronic or long-term conditions and disabilities, an IHP will be developed in liaison with the pupil, their parent, the First Aid Manager, the SENCO and any relevant medical professionals. When deciding what information should be recorded on an IHP, the following will be considered:

- The medical condition and its triggers, signs, symptoms and treatments
- The pupil's resulting needs, such as medication, including the correct dosage and possible side effects, medical equipment, and dietary requirements
- The specific support needed for the pupil's educational, social and emotional needs
- The level of support needed and whether the pupil will be able to take responsibility for their own health needs
- The type of provision and training that is required, including whether staff can be expected to fulfil the support necessary as part of their role
- Which staff members need to be aware of the pupil's condition
- Arrangements for receiving parental consent to administer medication
- Separate arrangements which may be required for out-of-school trips and external activities
- Which staff member can fulfil the role of being a designated, entrusted individual to whom confidentiality issues are raised
- What to do in an emergency, including whom to contact and contingency arrangements
- What is defined as an emergency, including the signs and symptoms that staff members should look out for

The governing board will ensure that IHPs are reviewed at least annually. IHPs will be routinely monitored throughout the year by a designated staff member.

7. EDUCATIONAL TRIPS AND VISITS

In the event of educational trips and visits which involve leaving the school premises, medication and medical devices will continue to be readily available to staff and pupils. This may include pupils carrying their medication themselves, where possible and appropriate, e.g. for asthma inhalers.

If the medication is of a type that should not be carried by pupils, e.g. capsules, or if pupils are very young or have complex needs that mean they cannot self-administer, the medication will be carried by a designated staff member for the duration of the trip or activity.

There will be at least one staff member who is trained to administer medication on every out-of-school trip or visit which pupils with medical conditions will attend. Staff members will ensure that they are aware of any pupils who will need medication administered during the trip or visit, and will ensure that they know the correct procedure, e.g. timing and dosage, for administering their medication.

If the out-of-school trip or visit will be over an extended period of time, e.g. an overnight stay, a record will be kept of the frequency at which pupils need to take their medication, and any other information that may be relevant. This record will be kept by a designated trained staff member who is present on the trip and can manage the administration of medication.

All staff members, volunteers and other adults present on out-of-school trips and visits will be made aware of the actions to take in a medical emergency related to the specific medical needs and conditions of the pupil, e.g. what to do if an epileptic pupil has a seizure.

8. MEDICAL EMERGENCIES

Medical emergencies will be handled in line with the First Aid Policy.

For all emergency medication stored by the school, the school will ensure it is readily accessible to staff and the pupil who requires it, and is not locked away. For all emergency medication kept in the possession of a pupil, e.g. AAls, the school will ensure that pupils are told to keep the appropriate instructions with the medication at all times. A spare copy of these instructions will be kept by the school in the school nurse's office.

9. LIABILITY AND INDEMNITY

The governing board will ensure that the appropriate level of insurance is in place and appropriately reflects the school's level of risk.

10. COMPLAINTS

Parents with a complaint about their child's medical condition should discuss these directly with the headteacher in the first instance. If the Headteacher cannot resolve the matter, they will direct parents to the school's complaints procedure.

11. MONITORING ARRANGEMENTS

This policy will be reviewed and approved by the governing board every 3 years.

12. LINKS TO OTHER POLICIES

This policy links to the following policies:

- First aid
- Health and safety
- Supporting Students with Medical Needs

APPENDIX 1

Administration of Medication

To be read in conjunction with Section 1

St Peter's acknowledges that on occasions, students will require medication to be administered during the school day. For this agreement to be carried out, the following procedures must be followed.

Parental Request to Administer Medication

Prescription and Non- Prescription Medication

For us to administer prescription and Non-prescription medications, we need the written permission of the parents. Please ask at reception or First aid for a copy of our consent form. Once this is completed, the student should bring it to First aid at the start of the school day along with the medication. Please note that antibiotics will only be administered if the recommended dosage is 4 times or more per day.

Where possible, medication (whether prescribed or non-prescription) should be administered by parents outside of the school day.

Please ensure that medications are clearly marked with your child's name and tutor group. Medications should be kept in the original container as dispensed by the pharmacy.

Non-Prescription Medications

Students are NOT permitted to carry non-prescribed medications for their own use. Non-prescription will only be administered with written parental consent for a maximum of 3 days.

School's Medical Records

A record is maintained on Arbor of all students in school with specific medical conditions, together with those students with any other identified need. This register is available to all staff. A record of all medicines administered to students is kept by the First Aiders, by year group and recorded on evolve.

Staff requiring Medication

Staff must be responsible for self-administering any medication whilst at school. If staff require cold storage for their medication, they may have access to the medical storage via the First Aider.

Administering Medication

Administering of medication to students may only be carried out by those who have completed the required training. Staff can obtain a Certificate in Administering medication for secondary schools and academies is provided by the National College. For students who have a specialised medication such as oxygen, peg or tracheotomy clearance, staff will be given specialist training via the relevant health professionals.

Auto Injector training is carried out and refreshed annually through the National College. Staff can obtain a certificate in Food allergy awareness and anaphylaxis for secondary schools and academies. Staff, other than the First Aid Manager, are not under any contractual obligation to administer medication, but training will be provided where staff are comfortable to do so.

Any member of staff giving medicines to a student must check:

- the student's name and confirmation of identity using Arbor photos
- record of medicine form is completed and in date
- prescribed dosage and when last administered
- expiry date of medication
- written instructions provided by the prescriber on the label or container*

*It is noted that auto injectors include manufacturer's instructions

The record of medicine administered form must be completed on every occasion that medication is administered.

Parents of students with asthma or eczema requiring medication in school are asked to follow the above procedure. Students requiring inhalers or cream for eczema have permission to carry their medication in event of an emergency.

Auto Injectors

Parents of students who are at risk of life-threatening anaphylactic reactions should notify the school. An Allergy action plan is created by the NHS which allows volunteer trained staff to administer auto injector treatment in the event of an emergency. All such medication is to be kept in an unlocked drawer Medical (Southbourne) or School Office (Iford).

Students who require auto injectors are required to always carry a spare in date auto injector and spot checks will be carried out each term.

Inhalers

Students who have been prescribed an inhaler should carry a working, in-date inhaler which is clearly labelled with their name. They should bring this to school with them every day. In the event of a student displaying symptoms of asthma, and their inhaler is not available or is unusable, the school has an emergency Salbutamol inhaler. This should only be used by students:

- Who have been diagnosed with asthma and prescribed an inhaler
- OR who have been prescribed an inhaler as reliever medication
- AND for whom parental consent for use of the emergency inhaler has been given.

If you would like your child to have access to the emergency inhaler complete the emergency salbutamol consent form and return to the first aid team.

Emergency Treatment for Epilepsy

Buccolam (midazolam) is an emergency treatment for epilepsy, for prolonged convulsions and clusters of seizure activity.

Buccolam (midazolam) can only be administered by a member of the school staff, who have been assessed and received the training. Training of the designated staff will be provided by the First Aid Manager and a record of the training undertaken will be kept for the school's records. Training must be updated annually. The training is child specific and each child who requires the emergency medication must have their care plan reviewed and understood by the staff members who would be administering the Buccolam (midazolam).

Buccolam (midazolam) can only be administered in accordance with an up-to-date written care plan with medical and parental input. It is the responsibility of the parent to provide the school with the most current care plan and in date Buccolam (midazolam). These are reviewed annually by the Epilepsy Team. The care plan must be available each time the Buccolam (midazolam) is administered and to be kept with the Buccolam (midazolam).

Blood Sugar Level Readings

Staff may be required to monitor students' blood sugar level readings, which are normally self administered.

Staff must check the reading, ensuring they are recorded in the book provided for each student in the medical room, if in line with students care plan. If the reading is outside of the student's normal range, must immediately seek advice and advise the parent accordingly or follow the students care plan.

Refusal to accept medication

If a student refuses to take medicine, staff must not force them to do so but should note this in the records and follow agreed procedures. Parents must be informed of the refusal on the same day.

School Trips

The School aims to encourage students with medical needs to participate in safely managed visits. The School will consider what reasonable adjustments it might make to enable students with medical needs to participate fully and safely on visits. The trip leader

must make themselves aware of any medical needs of the group and is responsible for ensuring that an appropriately trained member of staff accompanies the activity.

Medication required during residential trips will be accepted, with the procedure above being followed. The trip leader will be responsible for ensuring the medication is stored and secured as appropriate.

APPENDIX 2

Staff training record – administration of medicines

Name of school/setting

St Peter's Catholic School
Administering Medication to Students

Type of training received

Name of staff member

Date of training completed

As First Aid Manager I confirm that the staff member above has received the training detailed and is competent to carry out any the required administration.

First Aid Manager's signature _____

Date _____

I confirm that I have received the training detailed above.

I confirm that I have read and understood the requirements to administer prescribed medications to students. I confirm that I received a copy and will follow the instructions, updating this training on an annual basis. I have been offered the opportunity to seek additional advice from the School Nurse, if I feel this is required.

Staff signature _____

Date _____

Review date :

Record of medicine administered to an individual child

	If in doubt – check SIMS and/or seek Advice
Name of child	
Class / Tutor Group	
Date medicine provided by parent	
Quantity received	
Name and strength of medicine	
Expiry date	
Quantity returned	
Dose and frequency of medicine	

Staff signature

Signature of parent

Date			
Time given			
Dose given			
Name of staff member			
Staff initials			

Date			
Time given			
Dose given			
Name of staff member			
Staff initials			

Date			
Time given			
Dose given			
Name of staff member			
Staff initials			

Date			
Time given			
Dose given			
Name of staff member			
Staff initials			

Remember to check information overleaf before administering the medication

Date			
Time given			
Dose given			
Name of staff member			
Staff initials			

Date			
Time given			
Dose given			
Name of staff member			
Staff initials			

Date			
Time given			
Dose given			
Name of staff member			
Staff initials			

Date			
Time given			
Dose given			
Name of staff member			
Staff initials			

Date			
Time given			
Dose given			
Name of staff member			
Staff initials			

Date			
Time given			
Dose given			
Name of staff member			
Staff initials			